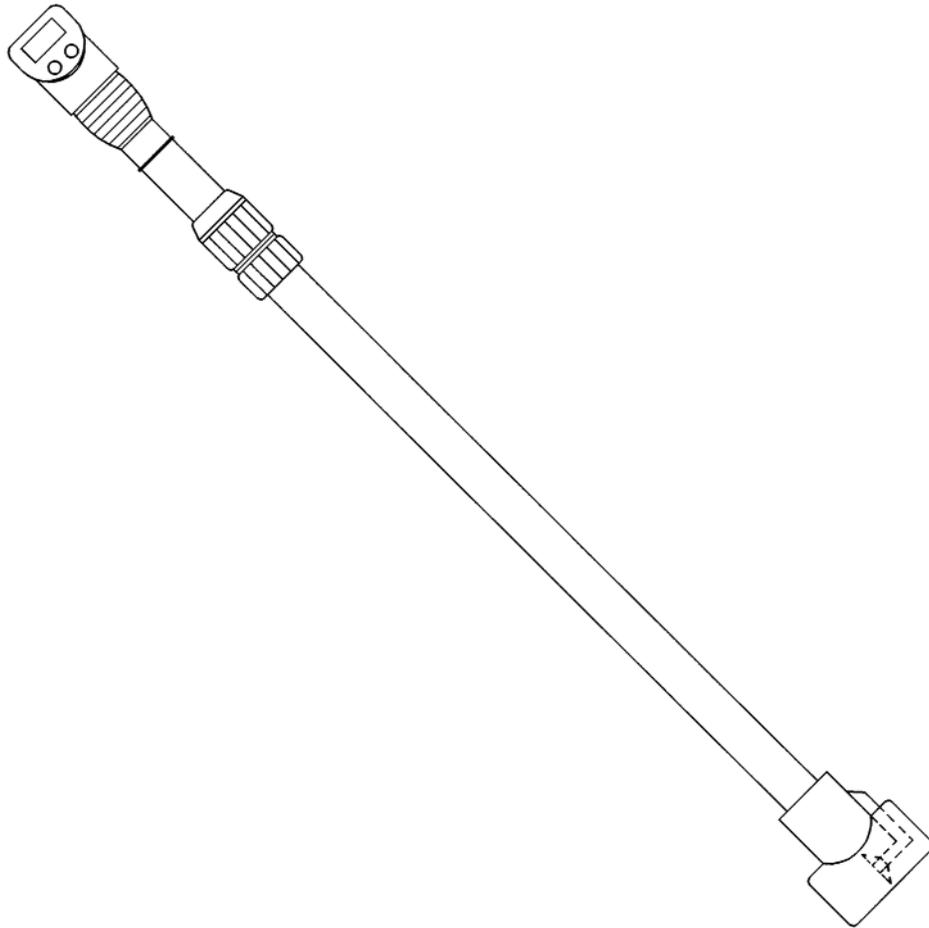


FP101-FP201 Global Flow Probe

User's Manual



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Congratulations on your purchase of a Global FP101 or FP201 Flow Probe!

Our Flow Probe has been field-tested in several hundreds of locations throughout the world. Our customers praise the product's ease-of-use, accuracy, durability, portability, and reasonable cost. Please follow the simple procedures for operation presented in this manual and you will be accurately and reliably monitoring real-time flow in no time.

General Instructions

- 1) Make sure the Flow Probe's propeller turns freely by blowing strongly on the prop.
- 2) Point the propeller directly into the flow you wish to measure. Face the arrow inside the prop housing downstream. The FP101 probe handle is a two piece rod expandable from 3' to 6', and the FP201 is a three section rod expandable from 5' to 15'. To expand the rod for correct placement in flow, loosen the locking nut on the handle, pulling out the top piece and retightening the nut.
- 3) Scroll with the right button until the "V" for velocity appears on the left hand of the screen. The top number in "V" mode is the instantaneous velocity to the nearest 0.1 ft/sec. Push the left button to toggle the bottom number between maximum ("mx") and average ("av") velocities to the nearest 0.01 ft/sec.
- 4) With the propeller placed at your measuring point, push both the right and left buttons simultaneously and release to clear the computer and reset the average and maximum velocities. Hold the probe in place for several seconds until the average velocity reading steadies and then remove the probe. The average velocity will freeze once the propeller stops turning. See Average Velocity section for more information on obtaining average velocities.
- 5) Measure/calculate the cross-sectional area of your flow stream in square feet. If you are measuring flow in round pipes, measure the depth of water and use the enclosed tables to determine cross-sectional area (see Calculations section). If you are measuring flow in another channel type, manually measure water depth at several points across the flow. These measurements are most easily recorded by drawing a diagram on graph paper with a scale of 1 square foot per graph paper square. Cross-sectional area (in square feet) can then be found by counting the number of squares in the stream.
- 6) The average velocity (calculated with the Flow Probe in feet/second) times the cross-sectional area (square feet) equals flow in cubic feet per second (cfs), or $Q = V \times A$.
- 7) If the propeller gets fouled while measuring flow, clean it until the prop turns freely and start over.



Average Velocity

The Flow Probe is used to measure the average water velocity. Streamflow velocity varies for two reasons:

- 1) The velocities vary throughout the flow's cross-section. In general, the velocities are greater in the center of the flow and less near the bottom and sides of the channel.
- 2) The water surges in velocity with time. In a smooth running stream, the velocity at a specific point can easily vary 1-2 feet per second over the period of a minute. This pulsating or surging of flow should be averaged to obtain an accurate average flow reading (leave the probe in the flow through a series of flow surges).

The Flow Probe can be used in three ways to determine average velocity in a stream.

- 1) For small streams and pipes, the probe can be moved slowly and smoothly throughout the flow during average velocity measurement. Move the probe smoothly and evenly back and forth from top to bottom of the flow so that the probe stays at each point in the flow for approximately the same amount of time. Keep moving the probe for 20-40 seconds to obtain an accurate average value that accounts for surging. (Move the probe as if you were spray painting and attempting to get an even coat of paint over the entire surface.)

The Flow Probe uses true velocity averaging. When the average and maximum velocities are zeroed by pushing both buttons, a running average is started. As long as the probe remains in the flow, the averaging continues. One reading is taken per second, and a continuous average is displayed. For example, after 10 seconds, 10 readings are totaled and then divided by 10 and this average is displayed. Once the average reading becomes steady, the true average velocity of the stream is obtained. When you pull the probe from the water, this average value is frozen on the display until it is reset.

- 2) For larger streams and rivers where the Flow Probe can't easily be moved throughout the flow, divide the stream into subsections 2-3 feet wide. We recommend dividing subsections on your graph paper diagram of the flow profile. Run a measuring tape across the stream for reference. Obtain a vertical flow profile at the center of each subsection: zero the averaging function and move the Flow Probe vertically from the surface to the bottom, up and down, slowly and smoothly for 20-40 seconds to obtain a good average. The average velocity (obtained with the Flow Probe) times the area of the subsection (use your graph paper diagram) equals the flow for the subsection ($Q=V \times A$). Once the flow of each subsection is obtained, add all of the subsection flows to obtain the Total Streamflow.
- 3) For the USGS "6 tens method", the Flow Probe is placed at the center of the subsection at a depth from the surface of 0.6 of the total depth. The Flow Probe is held in place and the average velocity is obtained over a period of 40 seconds. The 0.6 depth is assumed to be the average velocity point for the vertical profile. Therefore, this average is similar to that obtained in technique 2 (above), however, we feel that technique 2 is more accurate.



Computer Operation

The Flow Probe is calibrated at the factory. When you receive the product, you may wish to set the computer's clock (see Computer Set-Up), otherwise you should not have to alter any of your computer settings. You will have to recalibrate the computer if you wish to change measuring units (English/Metric), and when you change your unit's batteries (see Computer Set-Up). Normal battery life for the Flow Probe is 1 year or more.

The Flow Probe computer has a simple 2- button operation. The right button scrolls between functions and the left button picks the option. Pushing both buttons for 1 second zeros the average and maximum velocities. With a little practice, one or both buttons can be pushed with the thumb of the hand holding the top of the probe.

Push the right button to scroll through the following functions:

- Velocity: "V" is instantaneous velocity to the nearest 0.1 foot per second.
Push Left button to scroll between "av" (average velocity) and "mx" (maximum velocity).
Push both buttons to zero the displayed values ("RMS" is not activated at this time).
- "D" Function: Not used for this application.
- Stop Watch/Clock Function: The top number is the stop watch (push the left button to start and stop the function, push both buttons to zero). The bottom number is the time of day.



Computer Set-Up

The computer's set-up sequence is entered automatically when the batteries are changed. You can also enter the set-up sequence at any time by holding both buttons simultaneously for 8 seconds. During the set-up sequence, all of the display segments are displayed first, and then "mi" appears for English units and "km" appears for metric units. The left button toggles between English and Metric units.

If you wish to measure in English units (standard), or in "feet per second", toggle to "mi". Push the right button to enter "CAL" mode. This is your Flow Probe calibration function. Set the calibration at 33.31. When you change your batteries, you must reset this number. Pushing the left button increases the number when the arrow points up and decreases the number when the arrow points down.

If you wish to measure in Metric units, or in "meters per second", toggle to "km". Push the right button to enter "CAL" mode. This is your Flow Probe calibration function. Set the calibration at 1603. When you change your batteries, you must reset this number. Pushing the left button increases the number when the arrow points up and decreases the number when the arrow points down. NOTE: Unless Metric units are specified when ordering, then measuring in metric units (meters per second) the numbers on the display read 10 times higher than actual measurements (2.23 meters per second reads 22.3).

To continue the set-up sequence after you have set your English or Metric calibration:

- Push the Right button - be sure "CAD" is not displayed.
- Push the Right button - SLEEP will appear. If you are not using your Flow Probe for 1-2 month, leave it in this SLEEP mode, to reduce battery drain.
- Push the Right button - push the Left button to toggle between 24 hr and 12 hr clock.
- Push the Right button - push the Left button to set HOUR (time of day).
- Push the Right button - push Left to set the MINUTE (time of day).
- Push the Right button - you are now out of Set Up and back in Velocity ("V").



Maintenance

Probe Handle:

When the Flow Probe expansion joint becomes submerged, water enters the Probe handle. After use, dry the Probe by separating the two handle sections, draining the water inside the Probe handle, and letting the handle dry out in a warm place before reassembling. You can clean the Flow Probe handle with mild soap and water. DO NOT submerge the top of the pole and the computer. Water may cause the computer to short and a new computer will need to be purchased. If the computer gets wet- DRY IMMEDIATELY with a soft cloth. Take out the batteries and put the computer in a warm place overnight to dry.

Battery Replacement:

To replace battery, pull the computer holder unit from the top of the Flow Probe rod (the holder is connected to the Probe by a jack and socket). The computer is connected to the holder by a tight fitting clip which contains electrical connectors. Hold the computer holder in both hands and firmly push the bottom of the computer up the slope of the holder until the computer pops off the holder (point the computer at a soft object to protect the unit when it pops off). Pop open the battery compartment on the back of the computer with a small screwdriver. Replace the battery with the "+" side up. Use a Radio Shack 675 HP battery, or the equivalent. You can also obtain batteries from Global Water.

Propeller:

Make sure the Turbo Prop turns freely before and after your measurements. Blow on the prop in the direction of flow. The prop should turn freely. If not, rinse the prop in clean water or soak it in mild soapy water and remove any visible strings or hair materials from the prop bearing. To replace your prop, contact Global Water to purchase a propeller kit.



Calculations for Flow in Partially Filled Pipes

B	C	B	C
0.010	0013	0.51	0.4027
0.02	0.0037	0.52	0.4127
0.03	0.0069	0.53	0.4227
0.04	0.0105	0.54	0.4327
0.05	0.0147	0.55	0.4426
0.06	0.0192	0.56	0.4526
0.07	0.0242	0.57	0.4625
0.08	0.0294	0.58	0.4723
0.09	0.0350	0.59	0.4822
0.10	0.0409	0.60	0.4920
0.11	0.0470	0.61	0.5018
0.12	0.0534	0.62	0.5115
0.13	0.0600	0.63	0.5212
0.14	0.0668	0.64	0.5308
0.15	0.0739	0.65	0.5404
0.16	0.0811	0.66	0.5499
0.17	0.0885	0.67	0.5594
0.18	0.0961	0.68	0.5687
0.19	0.1039	0.69	0.5780
0.20	0.1118	0.70	0.5872
0.21	0.1199	0.71	0.5964
0.22	0.1281	0.72	0.6054
0.23	0.1365	0.73	0.6143
0.24	0.1449	0.74	0.6231
0.25	0.1535	0.75	0.6318
0.26	0.1623	0.76	0.6404
0.27	0.1711	0.77	0.6489
0.28	0.1800	0.78	0.6573
0.29	0.1890	0.79	0.6655
0.30	0.1982	0.80	0.6736
0.31	0.2074	0.81	0.6815
0.32	0.2167	0.82	0.6893
0.33	0.2266	0.83	0.6969
0.34	0.2355	0.84	0.7043
0.35	0.2450	0.85	0.7115
0.36	0.2546	0.86	0.7186
0.37	0.2644	0.87	0.7254
0.38	0.2743	0.88	0.7320
0.39	0.2836	0.89	0.7384
0.40	0.2934	0.90	0.7445
0.41	0.3032	0.91	0.7504
0.42	0.3130	0.92	0.7560
0.43	0.3229	0.93	0.7612
0.44	0.3328	0.94	0.7662
0.45	0.3428	0.95	0.7707
0.46	0.3527	0.96	0.7749
0.47	0.3627	0.97	0.7785
0.48	0.3727	0.98	0.7816
0.49	0.3827	0.99	0.7841
0.50	0.3927	1.00	0.7854

H= Height of water; D= Diameter of pipe
(in feet)

H/D = Column B

Read Column C adjacent to your pipe's B

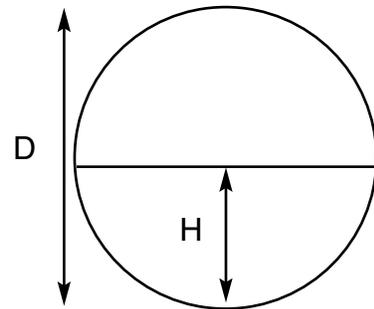
$C \times D^2 =$ Filled area, A (sq. ft.)

A x Average Velocity = Volumetric flow
(CFS)

CFS x 448.83 = Gallons/minute (GPM)

GPM x 1440 = Gallons/day (GPD)

Round Pipe



Extensions

The FP101 probe handle is expandable from 3' to 6' by loosening the locking nut on the handle, pulling out the top piece and retightening the nut. The FP201 is a three section rod expandable from 5' to 15'.

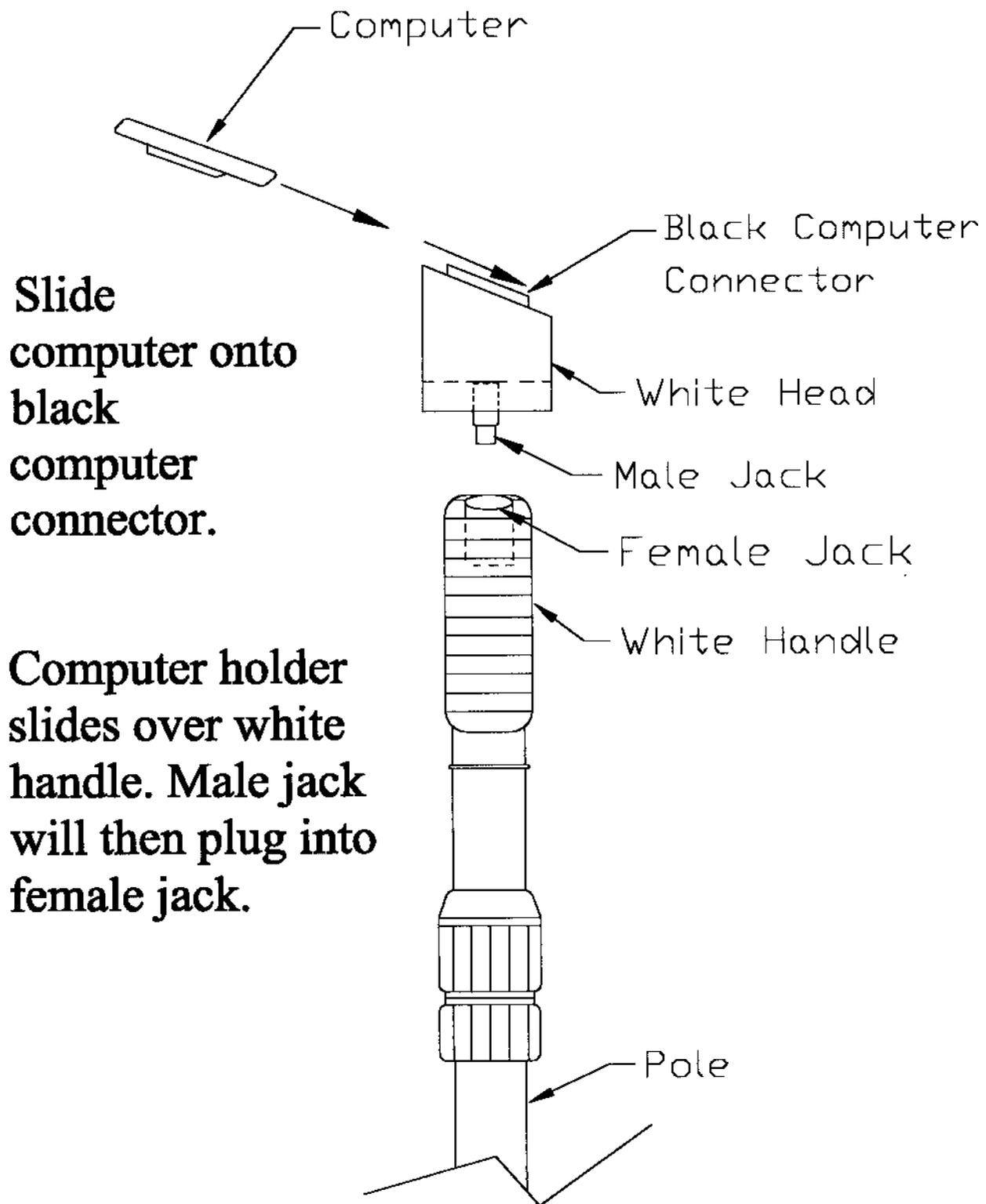
If you want to remotely read the computer, purchase a standard stereo phone jack extension cable from Radio Shack or your local electronics supplier. Pull the computer and computer holder up off the handle. Insert one end of the extension cable into the handle and the other into the computer holder. Now one person can hold the probe in a manhole or in a river while another person operates the computer and records the data at street level, or from a bridge or stream bank.

If you need to make sewer flow measurements from the street level or measure off bridges or high banks using your FP101, you can make an extension handle by using standard schedule 40 PVC pipe:

- Use a 6" piece of 1 1/4" pipe.
- Using PVC cement, cement a 1 1/4" - 1" pipe reducer to the 6" piece.
- Cement a 1" pipe of the length required to the reducer.
- Remove the computer and holder from the flow probe.
- Insert the waterproof stereo extension cable into the top of the original handle.
- Run the extension cable through the pipe.
- Slip the 1 1/4" end over the probe handle end.
- Push on firmly and duct tape the pipe onto the handle.

This type of extension should not be used for the FP201. An extension handle kit can also be purchased from Global Water.





Global Flow Probe
Graphic Overview

Trouble Shooting

If your Flow Probe does not seem to be functioning properly:

1. Blow on the propeller. The prop should spin freely and make a noise (chatter) when you blow on it. The prop should be loose on the shaft when you push it with your finger. If prop does not spin freely, rinse it with clean water or soak it in mild soapy water.
2. A small metal magnet covered with clear rubber is installed on the back side of the prop on one blade (or two blades if you ordered the low-flow option). Be sure the magnet is in place and has not been removed. This magnet is necessary to make the signal for the computer.
3. Remove the computer holder from the pole handle by pulling the holder up away from the pole. The holder should come off with a popping sound. Make sure there is no moisture around the plug or socket. If the plug and socket are wet, dry the parts off and place both in a warm place overnight. Push the computer holder back on to handle HARD until you hear a "pop" or "snap" sound. If you don't hear this sound, the holder is not on all the way or you have a defective socket connector. Zero the "av" mode and blow on the prop for 5 to 7 seconds. You should see a number in "av" if the unit is working.
4. Remove the computer from the computer holder by pushing the bottom of the computer up the slope of the holder with your thumbs until it pops off. You should hear a 'snap' when it comes loose. Check the two small brass contact pads on the clip. They should be clean and dry. They are springs and press against the contacts on the computer. After repeated use, they can be pushed down and stop making good contact. With a sharp pointed knife, you can pry the contacts back up to their original position.
5. Put the computer back into its clip by sliding it down the clip until it 'snaps' into place. Note that there is an indentation on the back of the computer and a bump on the bottom of the clip. These need to mate together with a 'snap' when the computer is fully in place. Zero the "av" mode and blow on the prop for 5 to 7 seconds. You should see a number in "av" if the unit is working.
6. If the display becomes weak or does not light up at all, replace the battery.
7. If these steps don't fix the Flow Probe, call the factory or return the Flow Probe for repair.

If your equipment needs to be returned to the factory for any reason, please call Global Water to obtain a RMA number (Return Material Authorization). Do not return items without a RMA number displayed clearly on the outside of the package.

When contacting Global Water for technical support, please have the following information accessible:

- Product name and model number
- Unit serial number
- Purchase Order Number (if applicable)
- Global Water invoice number
- Detailed description of problems relating to the product



Global Water Warranty

Our goal is to provide you with the finest water instrumentation at a reasonable price. Our products are always fully supported and 100% guaranteed.

Global Water warrants that its products are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of one year from date of shipment from factory. Global Water's obligations under this warranty are limited to, at Global Water's option: (i) replacing, or (ii) repairing any products determined to be defective. In no case shall Global Water's liability exceed the product's original purchase price. This warranty does not apply to any equipment that has been repaired or altered by anyone but Global Water, or which has been subjected to misuse, negligence, or accident. It is expressly agreed that this warranty will be in lieu of all warranties of fitness and in lieu of the warranty merchantability.

